STEP One: ASK about Tobacco Use

Suggested Dialogue

- ✓ Do you ever smoke or use other types of tobacco or nicotine, such as e-cigarettes?
 - I take time to talk with all of my patients about tobacco use—because it's important.
- ✓ Condition X often is caused or worsened by exposure to tobacco smoke. Do you, or
 does someone in your household smoke?
- Medication X often is used for conditions linked with or caused by smoking. Do you, or does someone in your household smoke?

STEP Two: ADVISE to Quit

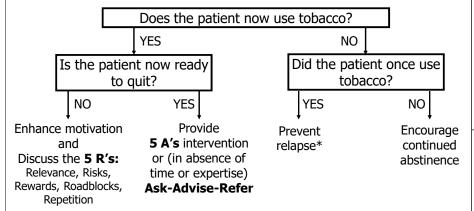
Suggested Dialogue

- Quitting is the most important thing you can do to protect your health now and in the future. I have training to help my patients quit, and when you are ready I would be more than happy to work with you to design a treatment plan.
- Prior to imparting advice, consider asking the patient for permission to do so e.g.,
 "May I tell you why this concerns me?" [then elaborate on patient-specific concerns]

STEP Three: ASSESS Readiness to Quit

Suggested Dialogue

For current tobacco users: What are your thoughts about quitting? Might you consider quitting sometime in the next month?



* Relapse prevention interventions are not necessary if patient has not used tobacco for many years and is not at risk for re-initiation.

Fiore MC, Jaén CR, Baker TB, et al. *Treating Tobacco Use and Dependence: 2008 Update.* Clinical Practice Guideline. Rockville, MD: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services. Public Health Service. May 2008.

STEP Four: ASSIST with Quitting

✓ Assess Tobacco Use History

- Current use: type(s) of tobacco, amount, time to first cigarette
- Past use:
 - Duration of tobacco use
 - Recent changes in levels of use
- · Past quit attempts:
- Number of attempts, date of most recent attempt, duration
- Methods used previously—What did or didn't work? Why or why not?
- Prior medication administration, dose, adherence, duration of treatment
- Reasons for relapse
- ✓ **Discuss Key Issues** (for the upcoming or current quit attempt)
 - Reasons/motivation for wanting to quit (or avoid relapse)
 - Confidence in ability to guit (or avoid relapse)
 - Triggers for tobacco use
 - Routines and situations associated with tobacco use
 - Stress-related tobacco use
 - Concerns about weight gain
 - Concerns about withdrawal symptoms

√ Facilitate Quitting Process

- Discuss methods for quitting: pros and cons of the different methods
- Set a guit date: ideally, less than 2 weeks away
- Recommend Tobacco Use Log
- Discuss coping strategies (cognitive, behavioral)
- Discuss withdrawal symptoms
- Discuss concept of "slip" versus relapse
- Provide medication counseling: adherence, proper use, with demonstration
- Offer to assist throughout the guit attempt

✓ Evaluate the Quit Attempt (at follow-up)

- Status of attempt and engagement in quitting program; "slips" and relapse
- Medication compliance, extent to which nicotine withdrawal is being alleviated with current regimen, and plans for discontinuation of medication(s)

STEP Five: ARRANGE Follow-up Counseling

- ✓ Monitor patients' progress throughout the quit attempt. Follow-up contact should occur during the first week after quitting. A second follow-up contact is recommended in the first month. Additional contacts should be scheduled as needed. Counseling contacts can occur face-to-face, by telephone, or by e-mail. Keep patient progress notes.
- ✓ Address temptations and triggers; discuss strategies to prevent relapse.
- ✓ Congratulate patients for success and reinforce need for continued support.

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